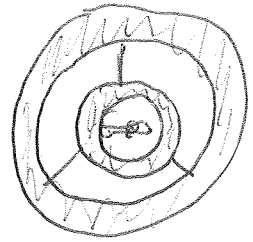


10-86) Rods holding rings together don't matter much according to the problem statement.



That leaves us with two rings contributing

$$I = \frac{1}{2} M (R_i^2 + R_o^2) \text{ each}$$

$$\text{From the table, } I_{\text{small}} = \frac{1}{2} (0.120 \text{ kg}) (0.0160^2 + 0.0450^2) \text{ m}^2$$

$$I_{\text{large}} = \frac{1}{2} (0.240) (0.0900^2 + 0.1400^2) \text{ m}^2$$

$$I_{\text{tot}} = I_{\text{small}} + I_{\text{large}} = 0.00346 \text{ kg m}^2$$

It's being torqued with 12.0 N applied at the outer edge, which is (0.1400 m) from the center for 0.300 s

$$\vec{\tau} = \vec{r} \times \vec{F}, \text{ and } \tau = I \alpha, \text{ and } \omega = \alpha t$$

$$\text{so: } \omega = \alpha t = \frac{\tau}{I} t = \frac{r \cdot F \cdot t}{I}$$

$$= \frac{(0.1400 \text{ m}) (12.0 \text{ N}) (0.300 \text{ s})}{0.00346 \text{ kg m}^2}$$

$$\omega = 146 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$